Chartered Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To,
The Members,
Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited

#### Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Purthi Hydro Power**Private Limited, which comprise the **Balance Sheet** as at 31st March, 2016, the **Statement of**Profit and **Loss**, the **Cash Flow Statement** for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flow of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.
- 4. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

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- 5. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10)of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 6. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 7. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### Opinion

- 8. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India,
- a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016;
- b) In the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the period from 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016;
- c) In the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 9. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

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- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on31st March, 2016 from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. The company is not required to transfer amount to the investor Education and Protection Fund of the Company.
- (g) As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016', issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books of accounts and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations gives to us, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For SHRIDHAR AND ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 0134427W

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2016

Jitendra sawjiany (Partner) (Membership No.050980

# Shridhar & Associates Chartered Accountants

### Annexure to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our report to the members of **PURTHI HYDRO POWER PRIVATE LIMITED** for the year Ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016. We report that:

- i. The Company's project of Power Generation is under construction and development stage. The company does not have any fixed assets other than capital work in progress. Therefore provisions of Clause 3(i) (a) & (b) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- ii. The Company does not hold any inventory. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a) and (b) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company neither granted any loan to any director nor acquired the securities of any body corporate.
- v. In our opinion and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b)According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or wealth tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax or cess on account of any dispute.

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- (c) The Company is not required to transfer to investor education and protection fund. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(vii) (c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- viii. According to the records of the company examined by us and as per the information and explanation given to us, the company has not availed of any loans from financial institution or banks and has not issued debentures.
- ix. According to the records of the company and the explanation and information given to us the company has not made any public issue nor raised any term loans.
- During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. The company has not provided any managerial remuneration during the year.
- xii. The company is not a "Nidhi company" so this clause is not applicable to the company.
- xiii. The company entered into the following transaction with its related party to which the provision of the section 177 and 188 of the act applies.

Name of Party and Relation	Nature of Transaction	Opening	During the Year	Closing
R Power Limited (Holding Company)	Loan taken	NII	1,00,000	1,00,000

- xiv. According to the records of the company and the information given to us the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares.
- xv. The company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with its director.

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xvi. The company is not engaged in the business of Non-Banking Financial Institution type nature so this clause is not applicable to the company.

For SHRIDHAR AND ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 0134427W.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th May 2-016

Jitendra Sawjiany (Partner) (Membership No.050980

# Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' Funds Share Capital Reserves and Surplus	3.1 3.2	3,454,900 603,713,425	3,454,900 603,718,525
Current liabilities Short-term borrowings Other Current liabilities	3.3 3.4	100,000 31,488	- 40,450
Total	- =	607,299,813	607,213,875
Assets			
Non-current assets Capital work-in-progress	3.5	607,038,927	606,980,990
Current assets Cash and Bank balance	3.6	260,886	232,885
Total	=	607,299,813	607,213,875

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

#### For Shridhar & Associates

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 134427W

Jitendra Sawjiany	Ashwin Purohit	Sanjay Kumar
Partner	Director	Director
Membership No. 050980	DIN: 07062599	DIN: 07358952

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 19, 2016

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 19, 2016

### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

Particulars	Note	Year Ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	Year Ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
Revenue		-	-
Total Revenue		-	
Expenses Other Expenses	3.7	5,100	3,570
Total Expenses		5,100	3,570
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(5,100)	(3,570)
Tax expense		-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year		(5,100)	(3,570)
Earnings per equity share (Face value Rs. 10 each) Basic and diluted (Refer note 8)		(0.02)	(0.01)

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For Shridhar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 134427W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Kumar

DIN: 07358952

Director

Jitendra SawjianyAshwin PurohitPartnerDirectorMembership No. 050980DIN : 07062599

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 19, 2016

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 19, 2016

# Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2016

		As At March 31, 2016	Year ended March 31, 2015
		Rupees	Rupees
A	Cash Flow from/ (used in) Operating Activities Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(5,100)	(3,570)
	Trail (Lease) belong tax	(0,100)	(0,070)
	Net Cash used in Operating Activities	(5,100)	(3,570)
В	Cash Flow from/ (used in) Investing Activities		
	Purchase of Fixed Assets /including capital work-in-progress	(66,899)	(131,551)
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(66,899)	(131,551)
С	Cash Flow from/ (used in) Financing Activities		
	Inter Corporate Deposits taken from Holding Company	100,000	-
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities	100,000	
	Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	28,001	(135,121)
	Cash and Cash equivalents as at the Beginning of year Bank Balance with Schedule Bank in Current Account	232,885	368,006
	Cash and Cash equivalents as at the end of the year Bank Balance with Schedule Bank in Current Account	260,886	232,885

Previous year figures have been regrouped and recast wherever necessary to the current year classification

As per our attached report of even date

For Shridhar & Associates

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 134427W

Jitendra SawjianyAshwin PurohitSanjay KumarPartnerDirectorDirectorMembership No. 050980DIN : 07062599DIN : 07358952

Place : Mumbai Place : Mumbai Date : May 19, 2016 Date : May 19, 2016

#### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2016

#### 1. General Information

Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited is a private company incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power Limited. The company has been set up as a special purpose vehicle to develop a 300 MW hydroelectric power project at Himachal Pradesh.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (The "Act") and the Accounting Standards notified under the Act. The Financial Statements are prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention and are presented in Indian Rupees round off to the nearest rupee.

#### b) Use of Estimates

The preparation and presentation of Financial Statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities as on the date of the Financial Statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

#### c) Tangible Assets and Capital Work-in-Progress

Tangible assets are stated at costnet of recoverable taxes, duties, trade discounts and rebates, less accumulated depreciation and impairment of loss, if any. The cost of Tangible Assets comprises of its purchase price, borrowing costs and adjustment arising for exchange rate variations attributable to the assets, including any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Tangible assets are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standards of performance.

Expenditure incurred on assets which are not ready for their intended used are disclosed under Capital-Work-In-Progress.

#### d) Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### e) Depreciation / amortization

Tangible assets:

Depreciation on Tangible Assets is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on Straight Line Method (SLM) based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

#### f) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

**Provisions:** Provisions are recognised when there is present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

**Contingent liabilities**: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that

#### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as contingent liability. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation but the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made as specified in Accounting standard 29 – "Provisions, Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets".

**Contingent Assets**: A contingent assets is neither recognised nor disclosed in the Financial Statements.

#### g) Foreign currency transactions

- (i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction or that approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.
- (ii) All exchange differences arising on reporting of short term foreign currency monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss
- (iii) In respect of foreign exchange differences arising on revaluation or settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items, the Company has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, wherein
  - Foreign exchange differences on account of depreciable asset, is adjusted in the cost of depreciable asset and would be depreciated over the balance life of asset.
  - In other cases, foreign exchange difference is accumulated in "foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" and amortised over the balance period of such long term asset/liabilities.
  - An asset or liability is designated as a long term foreign currency monetary item, if the asset or liability is expressed in a foreign currency and has a term of twelve months or more at the date of origination of the asset or the liability, which is determined taking into consideration the terms of the payment/settlement as defined under the respective agreement/memorandum of understanding.

#### h) Revenue recognition

Revenue from operations is recognised on an accrual basis.

#### i) Accounting for taxes on income

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities, using the applicable tax rates. Deferred income tax reflect the current period timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier years/period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future income will be available except that deferred tax assets, in case there are unabsorbed depreciation or losses, are recognised if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realise the same. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

#### j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash Equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

#### k) Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

#### I) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit or loss by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share are the net profit for the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

		As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
3.1	Share Capital		
	Authorised Share Capital 350,000 (Previous year : 350,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,500,000	3,500,000
	1,500,000 (Prevoius Year : 1,500,000) preference shares of Re. 1 each	1,500,000	1,500,000
		5,000,000	5,000,000
	<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital</b> 315,300 (Previous year : 315,300)equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up.	3,153,000	3,153,000
	301,900 (Previous Year:301,900)Preference shares of Re.1 each [refer note 3.1.2(b)]	301,900	301,900
		3,454,900	3,454,900
3.1.1	Reconciliation of number of shares		
	Equity shares		
	Balance at the beginning of the year -315,300 (Previous year : 315,300) share of Rs.10 each	3,153,000	3,153,000
	Balance at the end of the year - 315,300 (Previous year : 315,300) shares of Rs. 10 each $$	3,153,000	3,153,000
	Preference shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)] Balance at the beginning of the year -301,900 (Previous year : 301,900) share of Re.1 each	301,900	301,900
	Balance at the end of the year - 301,900 (Previous year : 301,900) shares of Re. 1 each $$	301,900	301,900

#### 3.1.2 Terms/ rights attached to shares

#### a) Equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of the equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### b) Preference Shares

#### 7.5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS)

Pursuant to the special resolutions passed by the Preference Share Holders and the equity share holders on March 31, 2015, the Company has made modifications in the terms and conditions of NCRPS issued which are summarized below. Consequent to the modification/variations, NCRPS are termed now as 7.5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS).

The Company shall have a call option on CCRPS which can be exercised by the Company in one or more tranches and in part or in full before the end of agreed tenure (20 years) of the said shares. In case the call option is exercised, CCRPS shall be redeemed at an issue price (i.e face value and premium). The holders of CCRPS however, shall have an option to convert CCRPS into equity shares at any time during the tenure of such shares. At the end of tenure and to the extent the Company or the shareholder has not exercised their options, CCRPS shall be compulsorily converted into equity shares. On conversion, in either case, each CCRPS shall be converted into one fully paid equity share of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 990 share. If during the tenure of CCRPS, the Company declares equity dividend, CCRPS holders shall also be entitled to dividend on their shares at the same rate as the equity dividend and this dividend will be over and above the coupon rate of 7.5%. These preference shares shall continue to be non cumulative.

#### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

		As At March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2015
		Rupees	Rupees
3.1.3 Shares held by holding company			
Equity Shares Reliance Power Limited - 315,300 (Previous year : 3	15,300) of Rs. 10 each fully paid		
up		3,153,000	3,153,000
		3,153,000	3,153,000
Preference Shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)] Reliance Power Limited - 301,900 (Previous year : 3 fully paid up	01,900) shares of Re. 1 each	301,900	301,900
		301,900	301,900
3.1.4 Details of shares held by shareholders holding n	nore than 5% of the aggregate s	shares in the Company	
	Percentage of share holding	As At March 31, 2016	As At March 31, 2015
		No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Equity Shares Reliance Power Limited (Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid)	100%	315,300	315,300
cash rany party			
	100%	315,300	315,300
Preference Shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)] Reliance Power Limited (Preference Share of Re.1			
each Fully paid up)	100%	301,900	301,900
	100%	301,900	301,900

## Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
3.2 Reserves and Surplus		
Securities Premium Account		
Balance as at beginning of the year	603,845,100	603,845,100
Balance at the end of year	603,845,100	603,845,100
Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as at beginning of the year	(126,575)	(123,005)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(5,100)	(3,570)
Balance at the end of the year	(131,675)	(126,575)
	603,713,425	603,718,525
3.3 Short-term borrowings		
Loan and Advances from related party.		
<ul> <li>Inter Corporate Deposits taken from Holding Company (Interest free deposit repayable on demand) (Refer note 7)</li> </ul>	100,000	-
	100,000	
3.4 Other Current Liabilities		
Creditors for expenses	28,738	36,850
Others (including Tax Deducted at Source)	2,750	3,600
	31,488	40,450

## Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

### 3.5 Capital Work-in -progress

### Rupees

Particulars	As at April 1, 2015	Incurred during the year	As At March 31, 2016
Expenditure pending allocation			
Bank and Corporate Guarantee Charges	981	341	1,322
Communication Expenses	685	-	685
Legal and Professional Charges	1,023,656	32,088	1,055,744
Audit fees	94,382	25,508	119,890
Tender Fees	5,300,000	-	5,300,000
Premium Paid to State Government (Refer Note 4)	600,000,000	-	600,000,000
Printing and Stationary	8,528	-	8,528
Site Expenses	40,742	-	40,742
Travelling and Conveyance	504,969	-	504,969
Miscellaneous Expenses	7,047	-	7,047
Total Capital work-in-progress	606,980,990	57,937	607,038,927
Previous year	606,831,461	149,529	606,980,990

## Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
3.6 Cash and Bank Balances		
Cash and Cash Equivalents -Bank balance in current account	260,886	232,885
	260,886	232,885
3.7 Other expenses		
Filing Fees	5,100	3,570
	5,100	3,570

#### 4. Project status

The company was incorporated on May 19, 2011. Pursuant to Pre-Implementation Agreement with Government of Himachal Pradesh (GoHP) which was signed on June 01, 2011, Rs. 600,000,000 (Rupees Sixty Crore Only) was paid to Government of Himachal Pradesh as upfront fee for development and commissioning of 300 MW Purthi Hydro project on Built, Own, Operate and Transfer (BOOT) basis. Pre-feasibility report and forest land diversion proposal submitted to GoHP. Application has been submitted to Ministry of Environment and Forests for approval of Terms of Reference and pre-construction activity clearance. Additional studies suggested by MOEF on alternate scheme has been carried out and approval of ToR and pre-construction clearance to alternate scheme accorded by MOEF.

#### 5. Capital Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining unexecuted on capital account and not provided for is Rs.1,700,325 (Previous year: Rs. 1,668,546).

#### 6. Remuneration to Auditors

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2016	Year ended March 31, 2015
As Statutory Auditor - Audit Fees (exclusive of service tax) - Reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses	20,000	20,000 2.247

#### 7. Related Party Disclosure

As per Accounting Standard – 18 prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2014, the Company's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:

#### A. Parties where Control exists

#### **Holding Company**

Reliance Power Limited (R Power)

#### B. Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year/ closing balance:

	5.00		Rupees
	Particulars	2015-16	2014-15
(i)	Transactions during the year :		
	Reimbursement of expenses - paid by		
	R Power	5,100	-
	Particulars		
(ii)	Closing Balance :		
	Equity share capital (excluding premium)		
	R Power	3,153,000	3,153,000
	Preference share capital (excluding premium)		
	R Power	301,900	301,900
(iii)	The above disclosure does not include transactions wit	h public utility service pro	oviders, viz,

electricity, telecommunications in the normal course of business.

#### 8. Earning/(Loss) Per Share

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2016	Year ended March 31,2015
Profit / (Loss) for the year (Rupees) (A)	(5,100)	(3,570)
Weighted average Number of equity shares (B)	315,300	315,300
Earning/(Loss) per share – Basic and diluted (Rupees) (A/B)	(0.02)	(0.01)
Nominal value of an equity share (Rupees)	10	10

#### Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2016 (Continued)

#### 9. Segment Reporting

In accordance with Accounting Standard 17 "Segment Reporting" as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006, the Company has determined its business segment as power generation. Since, there are no other business segments in which the Company operates, and further the power generated would be sold in India, there are no other primary reportable segments. Therefore, the segment revenue, segment results, segment assets, segment liabilities, total cost incurred to acquire segment assets, depreciation charge are all as reported in the financial statements.

#### 10. Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Disclosure of amounts payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payments made during the year or brought forward from previous years.

11. Previous Year figures have been regrouped / recast wherever necessary to the current year classification.

For Shridhar & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 134427W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jitendra Sawiianv

Partner

Membership No.: 050980

Place: Mumbai Date: May 19, 2016 **Ashwin Purohit** 

Director DIN:07062599

Place : Mumbai Date: May 19, 2016 Sanjay Kumar

Director

DIN:07358952