FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2014-15

SIYOM HYDRO POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Report on the Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Siyorn Hydro Power Private Limited Report on the Financial Statements Page 2 of 2

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 7. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015', issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 8. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position of the Company.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Chaturvedi and Shah Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101720W

Vijay Napawaliya Partner Membership No. 109859

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2015 ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Re: Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Referred to in Paragraph 7 of our report of even date Page 1 of 2

- 1 (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
- The Company does not have any inventory. Therefore the provisions of clause 3 (ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 are not applicable.
- The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iii), (iii)(a) and (iii)(b) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of fixed assets /capital work in progress. During the year, the Company did not undertake any activity of purchase of inventory, sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in the internal control system.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under to the extent notified. During the year under audit, no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank Of India or any other Tribunal.
- The Central Government of India pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014, ('Rules') has prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act to the Company. However, the Rules are not applicable to the Company, as the Company has not started commercial operations.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee's state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such applicable statutory dues as at March 31, 2015 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or wealth tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no outstanding amount, which is required to be transferred to investor education and protection fund in accordance with the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 1956 and rules made there under.
- The Company has no accumulated losses as at March 31, 2015 and it has incurred cash losses in the financial year ended on that date, as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.

ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Re: Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Referred to in Paragraph 7 of our report of even date Page 2 of 2

- According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the company has no dues to financial institutions banks and debentures holders; hence, question of default in repayment does not arise.
- In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(x) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, no term loans have been raised by the Company during the year.
- During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

For Chaturvedi & Shah Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 101720W

Vijay Napawaliya Partner

Membership Number: 109859

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2015

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2015

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	3,777,979	3,777,979
Reserves and surplus	3.2	1,516,809,833	1,516,809,841
Non-current liabilities			
Long term provisions	3.3	1,508,115	2,296,788
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	3.4	35,000,000	-
Other current liabilities	3.5	6,086,349	10,508,127
Short-term provisions	3.6	63,540	112,052
Total		1,563,245,816	1,533,504,787
Assets			1
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3.7	41,130,733	44,483,336
Intangible Assets	3.7	104,771	202,576
Capital work-in-progress	3.8	1,464,260,843	1,430,962,992
Long-term loans and advances	3.9	56,126,143	55,580,107
Other non-current assets	3.10	10,000	10,000
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	3.11	1,414,925	2,174,071
Short term loans and advances	3.12	193,723	87,120
Other current assets	3.13	4,678	4,585
Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,563,245,816	1,533,504,787
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The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No.: 101720W

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vijay Napawaliya

Partner

Membership No.: 109859

Ramaswami Kalidas

Director

DIN: 00203913

Sunil Agarwal

Director

DIN: 03636810

Place: Mumbai

Date : May 22, 2015

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2015

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2015

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
Other income	3.14	704	1,083
Total Revenue	\$	704	1,083
Expenses: Other expenses	3.15	5,508	1,530
Total Expenses		5,508	1,530
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(4,804)	(447)
Tax expense: Income tax for earlier years		(4,796)	(11,518)
Profit /(Loss) for the year		(8)	11,071
Earnings/(Loss) per equity share: (Face value of RsBasic and diluted (Refer note 9)	10 each)	0.00	0.04

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No.: 101720W

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vijay Napawaliya

Partner

Membership No.: 109859

Ramaswami Kalidas

Director

DIN: 00203913

Sunil Agarwal

Director

DIN: 03636810

Place: Mumbai Date : May 22, 2015

Place: Mumbai

Date : May 22, 2015

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2015

		Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
A	Cash Flow from/(used in) operating activities		
	Net Profit before tax	(4,804)	(447)
	Adjusted for: Interest income	(704)	(4.000)
	litterest litcome	(704)	(1,083)
	Net Cash used in operating activities	(5,508)	(1,530)
В	Cash Flow from/(used in) investing activities		
	Purchase of fixed assets (Including capital work-in-progress)	(35,753,302)	(50,435,950)
	Refund of Inter Corporate Deposits		13,521,000
	Taxes Paid	(336)	(7,493)
	Net Cash used in investing activities	(35,753,638)	(36,922,443)
С	Cash Flow from/(used in) financing activities		
	Proceeds from issue of preference shares including Securities premium		37,979,000
	Inter Corporate Deposits taken from Holding Company	35,000,000	37,878,000
	Net Cash Generated form financing activities	35,000,000	37,979,000
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(759,146)	1,055,027
•	Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year :		
	Bank Balance - Current Account	2,174,071	1,119,044
	Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year :		,
	Bank Balance - Current Account	1,414,925	2,174,071

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No.: 101720W

As per our attached report of even date

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Vijay Napawaliya

Partner

Membership No.: 109859

Ramaswami Kalidas

Director

DIN: 00203913

Sunil Agarwal

Director

DIN: 03636810

Place: Mumbai

Date : May 22, 2015

Place: Mumbai

Date : May 22, 2015

1. General information

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power Limited. The Company has been set up as a special purpose vehicle to develop a "1,000 mega watt" run of the river hydroelectric power project on the Siyom River in West Siang District of Arunachal Pradesh.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (The "Act") and the Accounting Standards notified under the Act. The Financial Statements are prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention and are presented in Indian Rupees round off to the nearest rupee.

b) Use of Estimates

The preparation and presentation of Financial Statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosures of confingent liabilities as on the date of the Financial Statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

c) Tangible Assets and Capital Work-in-Progress

Tangible assets are stated at cost net of recoverable taxes, duties, trade discounts and rebates, less accumulated depreciation and impairment of loss, if any. The cost of Tangible Assets comprises of its purchase price, borrowing costs and adjustment arising for exchange rate variations attributable to the assets, including any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Tangible assets are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standards of performance.

All project related expenditure, viz, civil works, machinery under erection, construction and erection materials, pre-operative expenditure incidental/attributable to construction of project and borrowing cost incurred prior to the date of commercial operation are shown under capital work-in-progress. These expenses are net of recoveries and income (net of tax) from surplus funds arising out of project specific borrowings.

d) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, borrowing costs and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and adjustment arising from exchange rate variation attributable to the intangible assets.

e) Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f) Depreciation I amortization:

(i) Tangible assets:

Depreciation on Tangible Assets is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on Straight Line Method (SLM) based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of motor vehicles where the estimated useful life has been considered as five year based on technical evaluation by the management.

(ii) Intangible assets:

Software expenses are amortised on a straight line basis over a period of three years.

g) Investments

Long term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments, such reduction being determined of value of long-term investments and made for each investment individually. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

h) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Confingent liabilities: Confingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as contingent liability.

Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation but the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made as specified in Accounting standard 29 – "Provisions, Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets".

Contingent Assets: A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the Financial Statements.

i) Foreign currency transactions

- (i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction or that approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.
- (ii) All exchange differences arising on reporting of short term foreign currency monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (iii) In respect of foreign exchange differences arising on revaluation or settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items, the Company has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, wherein
 - Foreign exchange differences on account of depreciable asset, is adjusted in the cost of depreciable asset and would be depreciated over the balance life of asset.
 - In other cases, foreign exchange difference is accumulated in "foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" and amortised over the balance period of such long term asset/liabilities.
 - An asset or liability is designated as a long term foreign currency monetary item, if the asset or liability is
 expressed in a foreign currency and has a term of twelve months or more at the date of origination of the
 asset or the liability, which is determined taking into consideration the terms of the payment/settlement
 as defined under the respective agreement/memorandum of understanding.
- (iv) Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are stated at the rates prevailing on the date of the transactions / exchange rate at which transaction is actually effected.

Revenue recognition

Profit on sale / redemption of investments is accounted on sale / redemption of such investments. Dividend on investments is accounted when the right to receive payment is established in the entity's favour.

k) Employee benefits:

Employee benefits consist of Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund, Gratuity Scheme and Leave Encashment.

(i) Defined contribution plans: Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund and superannuation are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss/ Capital Work-In-Progress, as applicable, during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company also provides employee benefits in the form of gratuity and leave encashment, the liability for which as at the year-end is determined by independent actuaries based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Such defined benefits are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / capital work-in-progress, as applicable. Actuarial gain / losses are recognised in the year in which they arise

(iii) Short term/ long term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service including performance incentives and compensated absences are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / capital work-in-progress, as applicable. The employee benefits which are not expected to occur within twelve months are classified as long term benefits and are recognised as liability at the net present value.

Accounting for taxes on income

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities, using the applicable tax rates. Deferred income tax reflect the current period timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier years/period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future income will be available except that deferred tax assets, in case there are unabsorbed depreciation or losses, are recognised if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realise the same. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash Equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

n) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit or loss by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share are the net profit for the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

o) Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.1 Share capital	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	rupovo
Authorised share capital		
245,000,000 (Previous year : 245,000,000) equily shares of Rs. 10 each	2,450,000,000	2,450,000,000
50,000,000 (Previous year : 50,000,000) preference shares of Re. 1 each	50,000,000	50,000,000
	2,500,000,000	2,500,000,000
issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital		4
259,000 (Previous year: 259,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up	2,590,000	2,590,000
1,187,979 (Previous Year: 1,187,979)Preference shares of Re.1 each fully paid up [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)]	1,187,979	1,187,979
	3,777,979	3,777,979
3.1.1 Reconciliation of number of shares		
Equity shares		
Balance at the beginning of the year - 259,000 (Previous year : 259,000) shares of Rs. 10 each	2,590,000	2,590,000
Balance at the end of the year - 259,000 (Previous year : 259,000) shares of Rs. 10 each	2,590,000	2,590,000
Preference shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)]		
Balance at the beginning of the year - 1,187,979 (Previous year : 1,150,000) shares of Re. 1 each Add: Issued during the year Nil (Previous year : 37,979) share of Re.1 each at premium of	1,187,979	1,150,000
Rs.999 per share	•	37,979
Balance at the end of the year - 1,187,979 (Previous year : 1,187,979) shares of Re. 1 each	1,187,979	1,187,979

3.1.2 Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

a) Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of the equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

b) Preference shares

As on March 31, 2014 -7.5% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (NCRPS)

The Company has only one class of 7.5% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference shares (NCRPS) having face value of Re. 1 per share which have been issued at a premium of Rs. 999 per share. These shares have a maturity period of twenty years from the date of allotment. NCRPS, however, can be early redeemed on completion of 15 years at the option of the Company or shareholder at the issue price of Rs. 1000 per share. Dividend on NCRPS is payable on the issue price of Rs. 1,000 per share.

As on March 31, 2015 -7.5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS)

Pursuant to the special resolutions passed by the Preference Share Holders as also by the equity share holders on March 28, 2015, the Company has made modifications in the terms and conditions of the preference shares issued which are summarized below. Consequent to the modification/variations, NCRPS are termed now as 7,5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS).

The Company shall have a call option on the shares which can be exercised by the Company in one or more trenches and in part or in full before the end of agreed tenure (20 years) of the said shares. In case the call option is exercised, the shares shall be redeemed at an issue price (i.e face value and premium). The holders of the preference shares however, shall have an option to convert the shares into equity shares at any time during the tenure of such shares. At the end of tenure and to the extent the Company or the share holder has not exercised their options, the preference shares shall be compulsorily converted into equity shares. On conversion, in either case, each preference share shall be converted into one fully paid equity share of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 990 per share. If during the tenure of the preference shares, the Company declares equity dividend, the preference share holders shall also be entitled to dividend on their shares at the same rate as the equity dividend and this dividend will be over and above the coupon rate of 7.5%. These preference shares shall continue to be non cumulative.

				As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.1.3	Shares held by holding Company/subsidiaries of Holding C	Company			
	Equity shares Reliance Power Limited - 269,000 (Previous year : 259,000) sh (Of the above, 258,999 (Previous year : 258,999) shares are he the holding company and 1 share is fointly held by Reliance Po	eld by Reliance Power Limited	1,	2,590,000	2,590,000
	and the state of t	was meeting with the thetimory	***	2,590,000	2,590,000
	Preference shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)] Reliance Power Limited - 37,979 (Previous year : 37,979) preference Supply Power Company Limited - Nil (Previous ye preference shares of Re. 1 each fully paid-up.	er: 892,000)	,, ,	37,979	37,979 892,000
٠.	Vidarbha Industries Power Limited - 1,082,000 (Previous year: up	190,000) preference shares	of Re, 1 each fully peld-	1,082,000	190,000
	Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited - 68,000 (Previous year : 6	58,000) preference shares of	Re. 1 each fully pald-up	, ,	
				68,000	68,000
			****	1,187,979	1,187,979
3.1.4	Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than t	5% of the aggregate shares	in the Company		
	Parthurbana.	Percentage of share holding	As at March 31, 2015 No. of Shares	Percentage of share holding	As at March 31, 2014 No. of Shares
	Equity shares Reliance Power Limited - (Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up)	100.00%	259,000	100.00%	259,000
	caon may pain-up)	100.00%	259,000	100,00%	259,000
	Preference shares [refer note no. 3.1.2(b)]				* .
	Reliance Power Limited - Rosa Power Supply Company Limited Dhursar Solar Power Private Limited Vidarbha Industries Power Limited	3.20% 5.72% 91.08%	37,979 - 68,000 1,082,000	3.20% 75.09% 5.72% 15.99%	37,979 892,000 68,000 190,000
		100.00%	1,187,979	100,00%	1,187,979

Securities premium account Balance at the beginning of the year 1,433,301,021 1,395,360,000 Add: Premium on issue of Nil (Previous year: 37,979) Preference shares 1,433,301,021 1,395,360,000 Add: Premium on issue of Nil (Previous year: 37,979) Preference shares 1,433,301,021 1,433,		As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
Balance at the beginning of the year 1,433,301,021 1,395,360,000 Add: Premium on issue of Nil (Previous year: 37,979) Preference shares 1,433,301,021 1,433,301,021 Balance at the end of the year 1,433,301,021 1,433,301,021 Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss 83,508,820 83,497,749 Balance as at the beginning of the year (8) 11,071 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,812 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,820 83,497,749 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,820 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 63,508,820 83,508,820 Balance at the end of the year 1,516,809,833 1,516,809,841 3.3 Corrections of gratuity (Refer Note 7) 1,508,115 2,296,788<	3.2 Reserves and surplus		
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss Balanco as at the beginning of the year 83,508,820 83,497,749 Add; Profit/(Loss) for the year 83,508,820	Balance at the beginning of the year	1,433,301,021	
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss Balance as at the beginning of the year 83,508,820 83,497,749 Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year (8) 11,077 11,077 11,077 1516,809,837 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,837 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,516,809,847 1,508,115 1,516,809,847 1,508,115 1,516,809,847 1,508,115 1,516,809,847 1,508,115 1,516,809,847 1,508,115 1,516,809,847 1,508,115	Balance at the end of the year	1,433,301,021	1.433.301.021
3.3 Long term provisions Provision for gratuity (Refer Note 7) Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) 1,508,115 1,508,115 1,508,115 1,508,115 1,508,115 1,508,116 1,508,117 1,508,	Balance as at the beginning of the year	83,508,820	83,497,749
Provision for gratuity (Refer Note 7)	Balance at the end of the year	83,508,812	83,508,820
Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7)	3.3 Long term provisions	1,516,809,833	1,516,809,841
2.4 Short-term borrowings Loan and Advances from related party Inter corporate deposits taken from holding company (Interest free deposit for a period upto one year) (Refer note 8) 35,000,000 - 3.5 Other current liabilities Creditors for supplies and services (Refer Note 12) Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) Statutory dues (Including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax: Rs.336 (Previous year: Rs.7,493)) 3.7 Short term borrowings 35,000,000	Provision for gratuily (Refer Note 7) Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7)	1,508,115	
Loan and Advances from related party Inter corporate deposits taken from holding company (Interest free deposit for a period upto one year) (Refer note 8) 35,000,000 - 3.5 Other current liabilities Creditors for supplies and services (Refer Note 12) Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 5,712,801 9,277,473 561,750 Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 7,73,548 668,904 8,006,349 10,508,127 7,707		1,508,115	2,296,788
- Inter corporate deposits taken from holding company (Interest free deposit for a period upto one year) (Refer note 8) 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 35,000,000 50,712,801 9,277,473 Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 12) Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) Slatutory dues (Including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 373,548 668,904 70,508,127 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax: Rs.336 (Previous year: Rs.7,493))	3.4 Short-term borrowings		
3.5 Other current liabilities Creditors for supplies and services (Refer Note 12) 5,712,801 9,277,473 Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) 561,750 Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 373,548 668,904 6,086,349 10,508,127 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) 63,540 106,920 Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493)) 5,132	 Inter corporate deposits taken from holding company 		<u> </u>
Creditors for supplies and services (Refer Note 12) 5,712,801 9,277,473 Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) 561,750 Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 373,548 668,904 6,086,349 10,508,127 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) 63,540 106,920 Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493)) 5,132		35,000,000	+
Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8) 561,750 Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source) 373,548 668,904 6,086,349 10,508,127 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) 63,540 106,920 Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493)) 5,132	3.5 Other current liabilities		
6,086,349 10,508,127 3.6 Short term provisions Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493)) 63,540 106,920 5,132	Dues to Holding Company (Refer Note 8)	, .	561,750
Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax: Rs.336 (Previous year:Rs.7,493)) 63,540 106,920 5,132	Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source)		668,904
Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) 63,540 106,920 Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax: Rs.336 (Previous year:Rs.7,493)) 5,132		6,086,349	10,508,127
Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493)) 5,132	3.6 Short term provisions		
63,540 112,052	Provision for leave encashment (Refer Note 7) Provision for Taxes (net of advance tax : Rs.336 (Previous year :Rs.7,493))	63,540	·
		63,540	112,052

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

3.7 Tangible assets

				***************************************				Rupees
	-	Gross block	\	Depre	Depreciation / Amortisation	ation	Net	Net block
Particulars	As at April 1, 2014	Additions during the year	As at March 31, 2015	As at April 1, 2014	For the year	Up to March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
Leasehold land	23,986,400	į	23,985,400	2,844,255	471,550	3,315,805	20,669,595	21,141,145
Buildings	35,299,948	ţ	35,299,948	19,151,035	635,225	19,786,260	15,513,688	16,148,913
Plant and equipment	216,475	. ,	216,475	53,228	82,913	136,141	80,334	163,247
Motor vehicles	7,578,368		7,578,368	4,908,306	741,836	5,650,142	1,928,226	2,670,062
Office equipments	13,100,534	69,635	13,170,169	9,116,450	1,269,335	10,385,785	2,784,384	3,984,084
Computers	3,793,948	•	3,793,948	3,418,063	221,379	3,639,442	154,506	375,885
Total tangible assets	83,974,673	69,635	84,044,308	39,491,337	3,422,238	42,913,575	41,130,733	44,483,336
Previous year	83,966,873	7,800	83,974,673	37,763,264	1,728,073	39,491,337	44,483,336	
Intangible assets								
Computer software	293,400	ŧ	293,400	90,824	97,804	188,629	104,771	202,576
Total Intangible assets	293,400		293,400	90,824	97,804	188,629	104,771	202,576
Previous year	*	293,400	293,400	ŧ	90,824	90,824	202,576	

3.8 Capital work-in -progress

			*****	Rupees
Particulars	As at April 1, 2014	Incurred during the year	Capitalised/ Adjusted	As at March 31, 2015
Expenditure pending allocation				
Electricity expenses	2,729,612	59,115		2,788,727
Rent	2,468,000	105,000	.	2,573,000
Repairs and maintenance - others	11,482,445	1,560,846	.	13,043,291
Employee benefit expense:		7(. , ,	1	(0,010,20)
- Salaries and other costs	151,110,934	21,761,663	_	172,872,597
 Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 7) 	5,443,462	1,008,980		6,452,442
- Gratuity and leave encashment (Refer note 7)	3,255,022		(378,308)	2,876,714
Staff welfare	950,484	.		950,484
Depreciation (Refer note 12)	14,573,039	3,520,042	. 1	18,093,081
Insurance Charges	230,478	36.631	.	267,109
Loss on discarding of assets	20,865		- [20,665
Rales and taxes	1,004,172	2,503	-	1,006,675
Advertisement expenses	352,678		-	352,678
Bank and corporate guarantee charges	39,388	1.248	.	40,636
Communication expenses	2,283,831	315,242	- 1	2,599,073
Fringe benefit tax	220.000		. 1	220,000
Legal and professional charges (including shared service charges)	146,590,124	3,049,451		149,639,575
Premium paid to Government	42,000,000		.	42,000,000
Printing and stationary	643,390	11,700	- 1	655,090
Project development charges	1,006,467,328		.	1,006,467,328
Security expenses	8,870,888	1,314,317	~	10,185,205
Sile expenses	19,737,490	133,185	. [19,870,675
Social Welfare Expenses	1,058,105	`-		1,058,105
Travelling and conveyance	7,009,681	655,422	.	7,665,103
Miscellaneous expenses	2,421,576	140,814	-	2,562,390
Total capital work-in-progress	1,430,962,992	33,676,159	(378,308)	1,464,260,843
Previous Year	1,380,066,821	50,896,171	······································	1,430,962,992

	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.9 Long-term loans and advances (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Security deposit Prepaid gratuity (Refer Note 7) Advance recoverable in cash or in kind	1,080,107 546,036 54,500,000 56,126,143	1,080,107 - 54,500,000 55,580,107
3.10 Other non-current assets (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Non-current bank balances	10,000	10,000
	10,000	10,000
3.11 Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents: Bank balance in current account	1,414,925	2,174,071
	1,414,925	2,174,071
3.12 Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind (Refer Note 8) Loans/advance to employees	25,859 167,864	9,050 78,070
	193,723	87,120
3.13 Other current assets (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Income accrued on fixed deposits	4,678	4,585
	4,678	4,585

	Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.14 Other income		
Interest: - on bank deposits	704	1,083
	704	1,083
3.15 Other expenses		
Filing fees	5,508	1,530
	5,508	1,530

4. Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (net of capital advances) remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is Rs. 11,261, 226 (Previous Year: Rs. 11,290,529).

5. Details of remuneration to auditors

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2015	Year ended March 31, 2014
As statutory auditor - For Statutory Audit	150,000	150,000

6. Project status

The Company is developing a "1,000 mega watt" run of the river hydroelectric power project on the Siyom River in West Siang District of Arunachal Pradesh.

Memorandum of Agreement (MoA) was signed in February 2006 with the Government of Arunachal Pradesh. Under the terms of the Memorandum of Agreement, the project is required to be implemented on a Build-Own-Operate-Transfer (BOOT) basis for a concession period of forty years from the commissioning date. The Detailed Project Report (DPR) of the project had been submitted to Central Electricity Authority (CEA). CEA has accorded concurrence to the project, Environmental clearance and Defence clearance is available for the project, Proposal for Forest land diversion has been recommended by State and is in process in MoEF. Proposal for private land submitted to State. Defence clearance for the project is available. State level clearances / NOCs on land/ water availability, fisheries etc available.

7. Disclosure under Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005) "Employee Benefits"

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

(A) Defined contribution plans

- a. Provident fund
- b. Superannuation fund
- c. State defined contribution plans
 - Employees' Pension Scheme 1995

The provident fund and the state defined contribution plan are operated by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner and the superannuation fund is administered by the Trust. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Capital Work-in-Progress for the year:

	Year ended	Rupees Year ended
	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Contribution to Provident Fund	755,739	1,260,910
Contribution to Employees' Superannuation Fund	99,600	83,000
Contribution to Employees' Pension Scheme 1995	153,641	157,767

(B) Defined Benefit Plans

- a. Gratuity
- b. Leave Encashment

Leave encashment is payable to eligible employees who have earned leave, during the employment and/or on separation as per the Company's policy.

Valuations in respect of gratuity and leave encashment have been carried out by independent actuary, as at the Balance Sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

		Year ended M	arch 31, 2015	Year ended i	Rupees Varch 31, 2014
		Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	Discount Rate (Per annum)	7.85%	7.85%	8.90%	8.90%
	Rate of increase in compensation levels Rate of return on plan assets	7.50% 8.25%	7.50%	7.50% 8.25%	7.50%
	Expected average remaining working lives of employees in number of years	9.69		9.12	
(i)	Changes in present value of obligation				
	Opening balance of present value of obligation Interest cost	1,391,807 152,463	2,251,534 274,918	1,263,524 131,707	2,295,386 261,976
	Current service cost	347,777	890,897	398,055	1,027,427
	Actuarial (gain) / Loss	(809,194)	(1,245,913)	(401,479)	(1,333,255)
	Benefit Paid Closing balance of present value of obligation	1,082,853	(599,781) 1,571,655	1,391,807	2,251,534
(ii)	Changes in Fair value of plan assets				÷ ,
	Opening balance of present value of plan				
	assets	1,239,633	•	1,203,639	. •
	Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain/(Loss)	102,270	-	99,300 (56,540)	
	Employers' contributions	168,152 400,000	599,781	(56,540) (6,766)	
	Benefit Paid	**	(599,781)	(0). 00)	
	Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	1,910,055	9 14	1,239,633	**
(iii)	Percentage of each category of plan assets to total fair value of plan assets				
	Administered by Reliance Life Insurance				
	Company Limited	100%	• •	100%	
(iv)	Amounts recognized in the balance sheet				
	Closing balance of present value of obligation	1,082,853	1,571,655	1,391,807	2,251,534
	Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	(1,910,055)		(1,239,633)	
	Amount not Recognised as an assets	281,166	•••		: :
	Funded (assets)/liabilities recognised in the				
	balance sheet	(546,036)	*	152,174	
	Unfunded (assets)/liabilities recognised in the balance sheet	_	1,571,655		2,251,534
			1,07 1,000		A, AO 1, OO4
(v)	Expenses recognised in the Capital work in pro	ogress			
	Current service cost	347,777	890,897	398,055	1,027,427
	Interest cost	152,463	274,918	131,707	261,976
	Expected return on plan asset Net actuarial (gain) / loss	(102,270)	(4 245 043)	(99,300) (300,030)	(4 300 DEE)
*•	Effect of the limit in para 59(b)	(977,346) 281,166	(1,245,913)	(344,939)	(1,333,255)
	Total expenses recognised in the capital work				
	in progress	(298,210)	(80,098)	85,523	(43,852)
(vi)	Expected employers' contribution/ Benefits				٠
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	for the next year	-	63,540	400,000	106,920
	•		•		• · · · •

Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

Disclosure as required under Para 120 (n) of the AS -- 15

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		Year ended March \$1, 2015	Year ended March 31, 2014	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended Warch 31, 2012	Rupees Year ended March 31, 2011
O D	Gratuity					
က် က် ပေ	Present value of the defined benefit obligation Fair value of the plan assets Surplus/(deficit) in the Plan	1,082,853 1,910,055 827,202	1,391,807 1,239,633 (152,174)	1,263,524 1,203,539 (59,885)	763,944 755,522 (8,422)	436,338 417,487 (18,851)
ம்.ம்	Experience adjustment on plan liabilities Experience adjustment on plan assets	(880,118) 168,152	(276,234) (56,540)	8,635 19,042	16,337 (8,530)	(86,245)
8	Leave encashment					
æ .⊂	Present value of the defined benefit obligation Fair value of the nan assets	1,571,655	2,251,534	2,295,386	1,590,865	431,713
á d	Surplus/(deficit) in the plan	(1,571,655)	(2,251,534)	(2,295,386)	(1,590,865)	(431,713)
യ്റ	Experience adjustment on plan liabilities Experience adjustment on plan assets	(1,395,698)	(1,118,305)	(515,666)	497,018	(354,313)

The actuarial valuation of gratuity liability does not include liability of seconded employees, as the gratuity will be paid by the Holding Company as per the terms of Secondment.

8. Related Party Disclosure

As per Accounting Standard – 18 "Related party Disclosure" as prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the company's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:

A. Parties where control exists:

Holding Company:

Reliance Power Limited (R Power)

B(I). Investing party/promoters having significant influences on the Holding Company directly or indirectly:

Companies

Reliance Infrastructure Limited (R Infra)

Individuals

Shri Anil D. Ambani

B(II).Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year/closing balance existed at the year end:

(i) Enterprises over which, person mentioned in B above, has control: Reliance General Insurance Company Limited (RGICL)

(ii) Fellow Subsidiaries:

Dhursar Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL) Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (VIPL) Rosa Power Supply Company Limited (RPSL) Reliance Cleangen Limited (RCGL)

C. Details of transactions and closing balances:

Particulars	2014-15	Rupees 2013-14
Transactions during the year :	2014-10	2013-14
Legal and professional fees (including shared service charges) R Power	ን ባለማ ባለስ	2,247,200
Insurance Premium	2,247,200	2,247,200
RGICL	53,440	15,725
Reimbursement of expenses / salary - paid by	JJ,440	10,723
R Power	1,352,492	1,141,937
Inter- corporate deposits received	1,002,402	1,141,007
R Power	35,000,000	
RCGL	4,700,000	
Inter- corporate deposits received back	7,100,000	·
RCGL	4,700,000	
Share application money received		
R Power	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	37,979,000
Balance as at the year end		
Inter- corporate deposits payable		
R Power	35,000,000	-
Other current liabilities		
R Power	**	561,750
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind		• • •
RGICL	25,859	9,050
Equity share capital (excluding premium)	•	
R Power	2,590,000	2,590,000
Preference share capital (excluding premium)		
R Power	37,979	37,979
DSPPL	68,000	68,000
VIPL	1,082,000	190,000
RPSL		892,000

The above disclosure does not include transactions with public utility service providers, viz, electricity, telecommunications in the normal course of business.

9. Earnings per Share

	Year ended March 31, 2015	Rupees Year ended March 31, 2014
Profit/(Loss) for the year (Rupees) (A)	(8)	11,071
Weighted average number of equity shares (B)	259,000	259,000
Earning per share- Basic and Diluted (Rupees) (A/B)	0.00	0.04
Nominal value of an equity share (Rupees)	10	10

7.5% Compulsory Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares had an anti-dilutive effect on earnings per share and hence have not been considered for the purpose of computing dilutive earnings per share.

10. Segment Reporting

In accordance with Accounting Standard 17 "Segment Reporting" as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006, the Company has determined its business segment as power generation. Since, there are no other business segments in which the Company operates and the power generated would be sold within India, there are no other primary reportable segments. Therefore, the segment revenue, segment results, segment assets, segment liabilities, total cost incurred to acquire segment assets and depreciation charge are reported in the financial statements.

11. Micro, Medium and Small Scale Business Entities

Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the information available with the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the balance sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payments made during the year or brought forward from previous years.

- 12. Consequent to the Companies Act, 2013, being effective from April 1, 2014, the Company has provided depreciation based on useful life as prescribed under Part A and Part C of Schedule II of the Act. Had the Company continue the earlier accounting policy, depreciation for the year would have been lower by Rs.1,687,105.
- 13. Previous Year figures have been regrouped/ recasted wherever necessary to the current year classification.

As per our attached report of even date.

For Chaturvedi & Shah Firm Registration No:101720W Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vijay Napawaliya Partner Membership No: 109859

Place: Mumbal Date: May 22, 2015 Ramaswami Kalidas Director

DIN: 00203913

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2015 Sunil Agarwal Director

DIN: 03636810