# FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2014-15

# **RELIANCE PRIMA LIMITED**



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Members Reliance Prima Limited

#### I. Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the attached financial statements of Reliance Prima Limited (hereinafter referred to as the Company), comprising of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended along with the Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information forming an integral part thereof.

## II. Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as the Act), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### III. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinion.

#### IV. Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act, in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India;

- (a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2015;
- (b) In the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) In the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the Cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### V. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 of the said Order, to the extent applicable to the Company during the year under review.
- 2. Further to our comments in the Annexure referred to in 1, above as per the requirements of Section 143(3) of the Act, we report as follows:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;



- (d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the respective directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2015 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 164 of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
  - the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii) the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
  - iii) there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Shyam Malpani & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 120438W

> Shyam Malpani Proprietor Membership No. F-34171

Mumbai, dated 21st May, 2015.



#### Annexure to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph IV(1) of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations given to us and the books and records examined by us and on the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate, we further report as under:

- (i) There were no fixed assets with the Company at any time during the year except in respect of an Intangible Asset.
- (ii) There was no inventory with the Company at any time during the year.
- (iii) During the year, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to the parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act.
- (iv) In our opinion, there are adequate internal control procedures commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business for the provisions of services. During the course of the audit, we have not come across any major weakness in the internal controls prevailing in the Company.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits as per the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) As explained to us, maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed by the Central Government for the Company under Section 148(1) of the Act.
- (vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records verified by us, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues involving Income Tax and Service Tax with the appropriate authorities and there were no arrears under the above heads which were due for more than six months from the date they become payable as at the close of the year. Keeping in view the present operations of the Company, statutes relating to provident Fund, employees' State Insurance, Sales-tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty and Cess are not applicable to the Company during the year under review.
  - b) As per the records, no statutory dues have been disputed and lying pending with the Company as at the close of the year under review.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Investor Education and Protection Fund and rules made thereunder which is required to be transferred.
- (viii) As per the accounts verified by us, the Company has no accumulated losses as at the end of the current financial year. However it has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 0.72 Lacs in the current financial year (Previous Year Rs. 8.11 Lacs).



- (ix) As per the records verified by us, the Company has not availed any loan/facility from banks/financial institutions and hence the question of default in repayment of the same does not arise. Further, no amounts were borrowed by the Company through Debentures.
- (x) As explained to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions.
- (xi) No term loans were obtained by the Company during the year.
- (xii) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management

For Shyam Malpani & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 120438W

> Shyam Malpani Proprietor Membership No. F-34171

Mumbai, dated 21st May, 2015.

#### Reliance Prima Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2015

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' Funds Share capital Reserves and surplus	3.1 3.2	528,390 397,504	528,390 542,865
Current liabilities Other current liabilities	3.3	136,409	33,910
Total	book Noon	1,062,303	1,105,165
Assets			
Non-current assets Fixed assets Intangible assets	3.4	438,122	<b>511,142</b> /
Current assets Cash and bank balances Short term loans and advances	3.5 3.6	550,181 74,000	520,023 74,000
Total	jas	1,062,303	1,105,165

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Significant accounting policies Notes on financial statements

2 3 to 13

As per our attached report of even date

For Shyam Malpani & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No: 120438VV

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shyam Malpani

Proprietor

Membership No. 34171

Manoj Bhargava

Director

(DIN:06637037)

Rituparn Singh Director

(DIN: 07074743)

Place:

Date: May 21, 2015

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 21, 2015

#### Reliance Prima Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2015

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
Revenue: Other income			
Total Revenue		*	
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense Depreciation/amortisation	3.7	73,020	537,542
Other expenses	3.8	72,341	73,020 273,239
Total Expenses	·	145,361	883,801
Loss before tax		(145,361)	(883,801)
Provision for tax		***	
Loss for the year		(145,361)	(883,801)
Earnings/(loss) per equity share:(Face value of Rs. 10 each) -Basic and Diluted (Refer Note 8)		0. 85 ₩0	(17.68)
The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.			(17.00)
Significant accounting policies Notes on financial statements	2 3 to 13	<i>₹</i> e	
As per our affached report of even date			

As per our attached report of even date.

For Shyam Malpani & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 120438W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shyam Malpani Proprietor Membership No. 34171

Place:

Date: May 21, 2015

Manoj Bhargava Director (DIN: 06637037)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 21, 2015 Rituparh Singh\* Director

(DIN: 07074743)

		Year Ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year Ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
(A) Cash Flow from/(used in) Operating Activities: Net Profit/(Loss) before taxation		(145,361)	(883,801)
Adjustments for:			:
Depreciation/amortisation of intangible assets Provision for Leave Encashment		73,020	73,020
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes Adjustments for:		(72,341)	(810,781)
Loans and advances Other current liabilities and provisions		102,499	(1,709,202)
Income taxes paid		30,158	(2,519,983)
Net cash flow used in operating activities		30,158	(2,519,983)
(B) Cash Flow from/(used in) Investing Activities			
Net cash flow from investing activities			\$1.00.00 (100.
(C) Cash Flow from/(used in) Financing Activities: Proceeds from share application money	,	•	2,300,000
Net cash flow from financing activities			2,300,000
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash	۳.	30,158	(219,983)
Opening balance in cash and cash equivalents Balance in current account	X:	520,023	740,006
Closing balance in cash and cash equivalents Balance in current account		550,181	520,023
Previous year figures have been regrouped and recast v	vherever nece	essary to the current year	classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Shyam Malpani & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 12043

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shyam Malpani Partner

Membership No. 34171

Manoj Bhargava Director

(DIN: 06637037)

Rituparn Singh Director

(DIN: 07074743)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 21, 2015

Place:

Date: May 21, 2015

#### 1 General Information

Reliance Prima Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power Limited, was incorporated on September 12, 2008 to carry on the business of exploration and prospecting activities.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of preparation:

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (The "Act") and the Accounting Standards notified under the Act. The Financial Statements are prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention and are presented in Indian Rupees round off to the nearest rupee.

#### b) Use of estimates:

The preparation and presentation of Financial Statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities as on the date of the Financial Statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

#### c) Tangible Assets and Capital Work-in-Progress:

Tangible assets are stated at cost net of recoverable taxes, duties, trade discounts and rebates, less accumulated depreciation and impairment of loss, if any. The cost of Tangible Assets comprises of its purchase price, borrowing costs and adjustment arising for exchange rate variations attributable to the assets, including any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Tangible assets are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standards of performance.

Expenditure incurred on assets which are not ready for their intended used, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost are disclosed as Capital Work in Progress.

#### d) Intangible assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes less accumulated amortization/depletion and impairment loss, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, borrowing costs and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and adjustment arising from exchange rate variation attributable to the intangible assets.

Expenditure incurred on acquisition of intangible assets which are not ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

#### e) Impairment of assets:

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### f) Inventories:

Inventories of tools, stores, spares parts, consumable supplies and fuel are valued at lower of weighted average cost, which includes all non-refundable duties and charges incurred in bringing the goods to their present location and condition, and net realizable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses.

#### g) Depreciation / Amortization:

(i) Tangible assets:

Tangible assets are depreciated on pro rata basis as per useful life on the Straight Line Method (SLM) as prescribed in part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

(ii) Intangible assets:

Software expenses are amortised on a straight line basis over a period of three years.

#### h) Investments:

Long term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments, such reduction being determined of value of long-term investments and made for each investment individually. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

#### i) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when there is present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent Liabilities:

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as contingent liability.

Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation but the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made as specified in Accounting standard 29 – "Provisions, Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets".

Contingent Assets:

A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the Financial Statements.

#### j) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs include cost that are ancillary and requires as per the terms of agreement. Borrowing cost that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the capital work-in-progress account in the period in which they are incurred.

#### k) Revenue recognition:

Revenue from operations is recognized on accrual basis.

#### I) Employee benefits:

Employee benefits consist of Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund, Gratuity Scheme and Leave Encashment.

(i) Defined contribution plans:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund and superannuation are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss/ Capital Work-In-Progress, as applicable, during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company also provides employee benefits in the form of gratuity and leave encashment, the liability for which as at the year-end is determined by independent actuaries based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Such defined benefits are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / capital work-in-progress, as applicable. Actuarial gain / losses are recognised in the year in which they arise.

(iii) Short term/ long term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service including performance incentives and compensated absences are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / capital work-in-progress, as applicable. The employee benefits which are not expected to occur within twelve months are classified as long term benefits and are recognised as liability at the net present value.

#### m) Accounting for taxes on income:

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities, using the applicable tax rates. Deferred income tax reflect the current period timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier years/period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future income will be available except that deferred tax assets, in case there are unabsorbed depreciation or losses, are recognised if there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available to realise the same. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

#### n) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash Equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### o) Cash Flow Statement:

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

#### p) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit or loss by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share are the net profit for the year after deducting preference share dividend and attributable tax for the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### q) Accounting for oil and gas activity:

The company follows "Successful Efforts Method" for accounting of oil and gas exploration activities as set out by the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on oil and natural gas producing activities. The cost of survey and prospecting activities conducted in search of oil and gas are expensed out in the year in which the same are incurred. Oil and Gas Joint Operations are in the nature of Joint controlled Operations. Accordingly assets and liabilities are accounted on the basis of statement of accounts of Joint Operations on line by line basis according to the participating interest of the Company.

		As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
		Rupees	Rupees
3.	1 Share Capital	· ·	
	Authorised Share Capital		
,	60,000 (Previous year: 60,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each 400,000 (Previous year: 400,000) preference	600,000	600,000
	shares of Re. 1 each	400,000	400,000
		1,000,000	1,000,000
	Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid up capital 50,000 (Previous year : 50,000) equity shares of		Because No.
	Rs. 10 each fully paid up	500,000	500,000
of Re. 1 each [Refer Note 3.1.2 (b)]	- 175 March 2000 April	28,390	28,390
		528,390	528,390
3.1.	Reconciliation of number of shares		
	Equity shares		
	Balance at the beginning of the year 50,000 (Previous year : 50,000) shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	500,000
	Add: Issued during the year	<b>900</b> .	
	Balance at the end of the year 50,000 (Previous year : 50,000) shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	500,000
	Preference shares [Refer Note 3.1.2 (b)]	, descripe a service de	
	Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Issued during the year - 28,390 shares of Re.	28,390	<b>~</b>
	1 each fully paid up	<b>₩</b> :	28,390
	Balance at the end of the year - 28,390 shares of Re. 1 each	28,390	28,390

#### 3.1.2 Terms/ rights attached to shares

#### a) Equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of the equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

#### b) Preference shares

As on March 31, 2014 - 7.5% non-cumulative non-convertible redeemable preference shares (NCRPS)

The Company has only one class of NCRPS having par value of Re. 1 per share which has been issued at a premium of Rs. 999 per share. These shares have a maturity period of twenty years from the date of allotment. However, the shares can be early redeemed on completion of fifteen years from the date of allotment, at the option of the Company or the shareholder at an issue price of Rs. 1,000 per share.

As on March 31, 2015-7.5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS)

Pursuant to the special resolutions passed by the Preference Share Holders and the equity share holders on March 31, 2015, the Company has made modifications in the terms and conditions of NCRPS issued which are summarized below. Consequent to the modification/variations, NCRPS are termed now as 7.5% Compulsory Convertible Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (CCRPS).

The Company shall have a call option on CCRPS which can be exercised by the Company in one or more trenches and in part or in full before the end of agreed tenure (20 years) of the said shares. In case the call option is exercised, CCRPS shall be redeemed at an issue price (i.e face value and premium). The holders of CCRPS however, shall have an option to convert CCRPS into equity shares at any time during the tenure of such shares. At the end of tenure and to the extent the Company or the shareholder has not exercised their options, CCRPS shall be compulsorily converted into equity shares. On conversion, in either case, each CCRPS shall be converted into one fully paid equity share of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 990 per share. If during the tenure of CCRPS, the Company declares equity dividend, CCRPS holders shall also be entitled to dividend on their shares at the same rate as the equity dividend and this dividend will be over and above the coupon rate of 7.5%. These preference shares shall continue to be non cumulative.

	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees	As at March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.1.3 Shares held by Holding Company		
Equity Shares		
Reliance Power Limited - 50,000 (Previous year: 50,000) shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid (Of the above 49,994 (Previous year: 49,994) Equity Shares were held by Reliance Power Limited, the Holding Company and 6 Equity Share	500,000	500,000
was jointly held by Reliance Power Limited and its	500,000	500,000
Preference Shares [Refer Note 3.1.2 (b)]		
Reliance Power Limited - 28,390 (Previous year : 28,390) shares of Re. 1 each fully paid	28,390	28,390
	28,390	28,390
·	***************************************	-

Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the 3.1.4 Gompany

	Percentage of share holding	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
	noiding	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up Reliance Power Limited	100%	50,000	50,000
		50,000	50,000
Prerence shares of Re. 1 each fully paid up Reliance Power Limited [Refer Note 3.1.2 (b)]	400%	28,390	28,390
ः क्षारामाञ्चाका वार्याच्याका स्वयं वार्याच्याक्ष्म सम्बद्धः -		28,390	28,390

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
	Rupees	Rupees
3.2 Reserves and surplus		
Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of Profit and loss		¥
Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	(27,818,745) (145,361)	(26,934,944) (883,801)
Balance at the end of the year	(27,964,106)	(27,818,745)
Securities premium account		
Balance at the beginning of the year Add : Premium on issue of 28,390 (Previous year - Nil) preference	28,361,610	
shares	**	28,361,610
Balance at the end of the year	28,361,610	28,361,610
	397,504	542,865
3.3 Other current liabilities		
Other Liabilities (Includes Rs. 5,818 (Previous Year Rs. 5,818) representing share in Joint Operations) Refer Note 2(q) and 10)	36,409	33,910
Inter corporate Deposits	100,000	. 196
	136,409	33,910

Reliance Prima Limited Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

3.4 Intangible Assets: As at March 31, 2015

		Gross Block			Amortisation		Net Block	lock
Particulars	As at April 1, 2014	Additions during the Period	As at March 31, 2015	As at April 1, 2014	For the Period	Upto March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014
- Goodwill *	730,202	14.	730,202	146,040	73,020	218,060	511,142	584,162
Total	730,202	*	730,202	146,040	73,020	219,060	511,142	584,162

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 30, 2014
	Rupees	Rupees
3.5 Cash and bank balances Cash and cash equivalents Balance with banks in current account (Includes Rs. 263,249 (Previous Year Rs. 263,249) represents share in Joint Operations)	550,181	520, <b>023</b>
	550,181	520,023
3.6 Short term loans and advances (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Advance recoverable in cash or kind (Includes Rs. 74,000 (Previous Year Rs. 74,000) representing share in Joint Operations)	74,000	74,000
	74,000	74,000
	Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
3.7 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries, bonus and other allowances  Contribution to provident fund and other funds	-	488,517 49,025
		537,542
3.8 Other expenses		
Legal and professional charges Travelling and conveyance Rates and Taxes	36,7 <b>54</b> 1,98 <b>2</b> 12,311	39,566 211,143 3,216
Insurance Miscellaneous expenses	21,294	18,09 <b>0</b> 1,22 <b>4</b>
	72,341	273,239

#### 4 Project Status

M/s. Nafto-Gas India Private Limited (NaftoGas), one of the Companies to the Contract and also designated "Operator" on behalf of all constituents. Subsequent to the award of Contract, Government of India (GoI) has found in the year 2012 that NaftoGas has impresented their credentials submitted in 2006. Pursuant to discovery of such misrepresentations, the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas (MPoNG) has sent a notice to the Company for termination of the contract in terms of Article 30 of Production Sharing Contract. Further to the said notice, Directorate General of Hydrocarbons (DGH) has sent a notice for discharging the unfulfilled work program. The Company has represented to the DGH and MPoNG that the Company was not aware about the misrepresentation of facts by the Operator, whose credentials to act as Operator were accepted by the Government of India and hence no obligation accrues to the Company in connection with the termination of Contract due to misrepresentation of the Operator. In view of the above, no liability (firm or contingent) have been provided in the books of accounts.

		Year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees	Year ended March 31, 2014 Rupees
5	Details of remuneration to auditors		
	As statutory auditor (excluding service tax) (included in Legal and Professional Expenses)	25,000	25,000
		25,000	25,000

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

#### 6 Disclosure under Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005) "Employee Benefits" (AS - 15)

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

#### Defined contribution plans

- (a) Provident fund
- (b) Superannuation fund
- (c) State defined contribution plans
- Employees' Pension Scheme 1995

The provident fund and the state defined contribution plan are operated by the regional provident fund commissioner and the superannuation fund is administered by the trust. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year:

		Rupees
	Year ended March 31, 2015	Year ended March 31, 2014
Contribution to provident fund Contribution to employees' superannuation fund Contribution to employees' pension scheme 1995	( <b>8</b> ) - ( <del>1) ( 1) ( 1) ( 1) ( 1) ( 1) ( 1) ( 1</del>	46,320 2,705

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

- (a) Gratuity
- (b) Leave encashment

Leave encashment is payable to eligible employees who have earned leaves, during the employment and/or on separation as per the Company's policy.

Valuation in respect of leave encashment have been carried out by an independent actuary, as at the Balance Sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

Leave Encashment 2012-13 8.50%

Discount Rate (per annum)

Rate of increase in compensation levels

7.50%

The estimate of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market.

			Leave Encashme 2014-201		Ence	eave ishment )13-14	Rupees Leave Encashment 2012-13
(1)	Changes in present value of obligation						
	Opening balance of present value of obligation			44		370,015	533,833
	Interest Cost			44		) m	61,468
	Current Service Cost			144		· iw	200,492
	Actuarial (gains)/loss			٠ 🚜		244	(173,795)
	Benefits paid					(370,015)	(251,983)
	Closing balance of present value of obligation			.*			370,015
	· 6	بونى		. *	¥ #		
(ii)	Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit oblig	jatio	ns and the 18	ur və	iue or a	issets	0.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Closing balance of present value of obligation					wi	370,015
	Unfunded (asset)/liability recognised in the Balance Sheet						370,015

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

(III)	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet Closing balance of present value of obligation Unfunded (asset)/liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	₩ 	370,015 370,015
(iv)	Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss/Capital work-in-progress		
	Current service cost		200,492
	Interest Cost	*	61,468
	Net actuarial (gain)/loss	AND T	(173,795)
	Total expenses recognised during the year	es ·	88,165
		264	
(v)	Expected Employers' Contribution for the next year	<del>-</del>	17,759
(vi)	Diederman an antichad for the control of the contro		ž.
(i)	Disclosure as required under para 120(n) of As-15 Present value of the defined benefit obligation		
· 49	Fair value of the plan assets	ės.	370,015
	Part value of the plant assets	. **	04
	Surplus/(Deficit) in the plan	ψ×	(370,015)
(ii)	Experience Adjustments		
()	On plan liabilities		Walangar amakasa
	On plan assets	fox	(178,730)
		• "	
	Total experience adjustments	**	(178,730)

No acturial valuation of gratuity liability has been carried out as the liability of seconded employees will be paid by the respective company which has seconded the employees as per the terms of Secondment.

There were no employees on the payroll of the Company as at end of the financial year. Hence, no acturial valuation of leave encashment liability has been carried out for the current financial year.

#### Reliance Prima Limited

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 Continued

#### 7 Related Party Disclosures

As per accounting standard - 18 Related Party Disclosures as prescribed

#### A. Partles where Control exists:

#### Holding Company

Reliance Power Limited (R Power)

#### B. (I) Investing parties/promoters having significant influence on the

#### Companies

Reliance Infrastructure Limited (R Infra)

#### Individual

Shri Anil D Ambani

#### B. (II) Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

#### (i) Fellow subsidiary

Reliance Fuel Resources Limited (RFRL)

Inter corporate deposits payable

R Power

#### (ii) Joint Ventures

(i)

(ii)

MZ-ONN-2004/2

#### C Details of transactions during the year and closing balance at the end of the year

Details of transactions during the year and closing balance at the end of the year					
Transactions during the year :	2014-2015	Rupees 2013-2014			
Reimbursement on behalf of R Power	e santa	363,128			
Inter-corporate deposits received R Power	100,000	one -			
Issue of Preference shares R Power		28,390			
Share application money received R Power	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,300,000			
Closing Balance					
Equity share capital (excluding premium) R Power	500,000	500,000			
Preference share capital (excluding premium) R Power	28,390	28,390			

(iii) The above disclosure does not include transactions with public utility service providers, viz. electricity, telecommunications in the normal course of business.

100,000

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2015 (Continued)

8	Earnings Per share		#### ####		Year ended March 31, 2015	Year ended March 31, 2014
	Profit/(loss) for the Year		253		maron on, zoro	march St, ZU14
	(Rupees) (A)			•	(145361)	(883801)
	Less: Preference Dividend					
	Number of equity shares (B)				50,000	50000
	Earnings/(loss) per share - Basic					
	and Diluted (A/B)	₹.	,		(2.91)	(17.68)
	Nominal Value of an Equity				Amam ay	(17.00)
	Share (Rs.)				10	10

#### 9 Segment reporting

Since the commercial operations of the company has not commenced, there are no separate reportable segments as defined under Accounting Standard - 17 'Segment Reporting' as prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006.

#### 10 Interest in Joint operations

During the year, the company has accounted for Rs. NIL (Previous Year: Rs. NIL ) towards its share of expenditure on survey and prospecting activities on Oil and Gas Block MZ-ONN-2004 /2 transferred to the company pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement.

Disclosure of the Company share in Joint operations:-

Name of the field			Location	Participating
MZ-ONN-2004/2			Mizoram	Interest % 10

The above joint ventures are unincorporated joint ventures carrying out controlled operations. Based on the statement of accounts of consortium, the Company account for its share of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of Joint operations in which it holds a participating interest. The Company's share of assets and liabilities of Joint operations is given below:

	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31,2014
Assets	and the part of the said of the	181001011 0 1,2,0 103
Current Assets		
Short term loans and advances		
	74,000	74,000
Cash and bank balance	263,249	263,249
Liabilities		
Other current liabilities	5,818	5,818

#### 11 Micro and Small Scale Business Entities

Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the information available with the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the balance sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payments made during the year or brought forward from previous years.

12 In the opinion of the Board, Current as well as Non-current Assets have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.

13 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and recast wherever necessary to match with the current year classification.

#### As per our attached report of even date

For Shyam Malpani & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 120438W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shyam Malpani

Proprietor

Membership No. 34171

Place: Mumbal

Date: May 21, 2015

Manoj Bhargava

Director

(DIN:06637037)

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 21, 2015

Rituparn Singh Director

(DIN: 07074743)